## MORRIS COUNTY IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY (A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE COUNTY OF MORRIS) COUNTY OF MORRIS, NEW JERSEY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023
WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### MORRIS COUNTY IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

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Introductory Section

COMMISSIONERS	<u>POSITION</u>	TERM EXPIRES
Deena Leary	Chairperson	February 1, 2027
Christina Ramirez	Vice Chairperson	February 1, 2028
Ellen Sandman	Secretary	February 1, 2024
Beti Bauer	Treasurer	February 1, 2026
Scott Gallopo	Assistant Secretary	February 1, 2025

McManimon, Scotland & Baumann LLC

General Counsel and Bond Counsel

Wielkotz and Company LLC

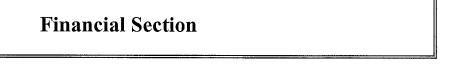
Auditor

Acacia Financial Group, Inc.

Financial Advisor

NW Financial Group, LLC

Financial Advisor





STEVEN D. WIELKOTZ, CPA, RMA, PSA
MATTHEW B. WIELKOTZ, CPA, PSA
DAVID BOTTGE, CPA, RMA, PSA
PAUL J. CUVA, CPA, RMA, PSA
KARI FERGUSON, CPA, RMA, CMFO, PSA
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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Honorable Chairperson and Commissioners Morris County Improvement Authority County of Morris Administration and Records Building 5<sup>th</sup> Floor Morristown, New Jersey 07963-0900

#### Report on the Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying statement of net position of the Morris County Improvement Authority (a component unit of the County of Morris), as of December 31, 2023 and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Morris County Improvement Authority as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards (Government Auditing Standards), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Morris County Improvement Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Morris County Improvement Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibility for the audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Morris County Improvement Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.



- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Morris County Improvement Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Morris County Improvement Authority's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis, as required by the Division of Local Government Services and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplemental schedules as listed in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other



records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated July 3, 2024 on our consideration of the Morris County Improvement Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Morris County Improvement Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

WIELKOTZ & COMPANY, LLC Certified Public Accountants

July 3, 2024



### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2023

As management of the Morris County Improvement Authority, we offer the Authority's financial statements, this narrative overview and analysis of the Authority's financial performance during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023. Please read this analysis in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report includes this management discussion, the independent auditor's report and the basic financial statements of the Authority. The financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements.

#### **REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements of the Authority report information of the Authority using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short and long-term financial information about its activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the Authority's assets and liabilities and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to Authority creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for evaluating the capital structure of the Authority and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Authority.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position. This statement measures the results of the Authority operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the Authority has recovered all its costs through its user fees and other charges, operational stability and credit worthiness.

The final required financial statement is the Statement of Cash Flows. This statement reports cash receipts and cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing and financing activities and provides answers to such questions as what operational sources provided cash, what was cash used for, and what was the change in cash balance during the reporting period.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY

One of the most important questions asked about the Authority's finances is "Is the Authority as a whole better able to fulfill its mission as a result of this year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position report information about the Authority's activities in a way that will help answer this question. In addition, long-term trends need to be reviewed to best assess the financial health of the Authority. These two statements report net position of the Authority and the changes in those assets. The reader can think of the Authority's net position - the difference between

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY, CONTINUED

assets and liabilities - as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Authority's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, one will need to consider other non - financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, development, and new or changed government regulation.

#### **NET POSITION**

A summary of the Authority's Statement of Net Position is presented in the following table:

#### CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

A GGTTTTG		FY 2023		FY 2022
ASSETS				
Current and Other Assets	\$_	3,442,460	\$	2,548,766
Total Assets	\$ =	3,442,460	\$	2,548,766
LIABILITIES and RESERVES Accounts Payable	\$_	43,922	\$	10,022
NET POSITION Unrestricted				
Designated	\$	2,434,128	\$	1,802,156
Undesignated		964,410	,	736,588
Total Net Position	\$	3,398,538	\$	2,538,744

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023

## CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	FY 2023			FY 2022	
Operating Revenues Non-Operating Revenues	\$	127,858 979,476	\$	29,946 578,882	
Total Revenues	\$	1,107,334	\$_	608,828	
Operating Expenses Non-Operating Expenses	\$	44,277 203,263	\$	59,475 77,853	
Total Expenses	\$	247,540	\$_	137,328	
Change in Net Position	\$	859,794	\$_	471,500	
Beginning Net Position	\$	2,538,744	\$	2,067,244	
Ending Net Position	\$	3,398,538	\$	2,538,744	

As can be seen in the above table, net position increased by \$859,794 and increased by \$471,500 in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The Authority prepares and submits an annual operating budget to the State of New Jersey, which approves the budget for adoption by the Authority prior to the beginning of the fiscal year.

The following table provides the budget highlights for 2023 and 2022, respectively:

### Budget vs. Actual December 31,

		2023 <u>Budget</u>		2023 Actual		2022 <u>Budget</u>		2022 <u>Actual</u>
Revenues								
Administrative Fees	\$	81,181	\$	127,858	\$	75,000	\$	29,946
Participant Contributions								
for Debt Service		29,997,211		29,997,211		30,928,488		30,928,488
Other Revenues		400		979,476		400		578,882
Net Position Anticipated	_	102,469		102,469	•	105,800	_	105,800
	\$_	30,181,261	\$:	31,207,014	\$	31,109,688	\$_	31,643,116
Appropriations								
Administration Expenses	\$	184,050	\$	44,277	\$	181,200	\$	59,475
Non-Operating Appropriations:				,	•	,	_	,
Principal Payments on								
Conduit Debt Service		22,110,000		22,110,000		22,320,000		22,320,000
Interest on Conduit Debt	_	7,887,211		7,887,211	_	8,608,488	-	8,608,488
	\$_	30,181,261	\$	30,041,488	\$_	31,109,688	\$_	30,987,963

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

The Authority has been aggressive in attracting conduit debt issues. At December 31, 2023, there is \$174,150,000 of Outstanding Conduit Permanent Debt.

More detailed information about the Authority's long-term debt liabilities is presented in Note 2 of the financial statements.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, CONTINUED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### **CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY**

This financial report is designed to provide our customers and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the fees it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Morris County Improvement Authority, County of Morris, Administration and Records Building, 5<sup>th</sup> floor, Morristown, NJ 07963-0900 or call 973-285-6020.

Basic Financial Statements

#### Exhibit A

## MORRIS COUNTY IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the County of Morris) STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### **ASSETS**

Current Assets: Unrestricted: Cash and Cash Equivalents Accrued Interest Receivable	\$ _	3,408,748 33,712
Total Current Assets	\$_	3,442,460
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	3,442,460
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable	\$	43,922
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted Designated Unassigned	\$ _	2,434,128 964,410
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$_	3,398,538

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### MORRIS COUNTY IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

#### Exhibit B

#### (A Component Unit of the County of Morris)

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

Operating Revenues	
Administrative Fees	\$ 127,858
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	\$ 127,858
Operating Expenses	
Administrative	\$ 44,277
Total Operating Expenses	\$ 44,277
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 83,581
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	
Payments for Conduit Debt	\$ (203,263)
Proceeds for Debt Service	835,235
Proceeds from Other Sources	 144,241
<b>Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)</b>	\$ 776,213
Change in Net Position	\$ 859,794
Net Position, January 1,	\$ 2,538,744
Net Position, December 31,	\$ 3,398,538

The accompanying Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### MORRIS COUNTY IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

Exhibit C

## (A Component Unit of the County of Morris) STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS DECEMBER 31, 2023

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Cash receipts from customers	\$	94,146
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(43,704)
Net cash used for Operating Activities	\$	50,442
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from Other Sources	\$	144,241
Cash receipts to Pay Debt Service		835,235
Cash payments for Debt Service Expenses		(169,936)
Net cash provided by Non-Operating Activities	\$	809,540
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	859,982
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, JANUARY 1,	\$	2,548,766
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, DECEMBER 31,	\$	3,408,748
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Γ CASH	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	83,581
Operating Activities		
(Increase)/Decrease in Accrued Interest Receivable		(33,712)
Increase/(Decrease) in Accounts Payable		573
NET CASH USED FOR OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	50,442

Notes to Financial Statements

#### MORRIS COUNTY IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the County of Morris)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Authority Description

The Morris County Improvement Authority (the "Authority") is a public body politic, corporate, organized, and existing under the County Improvement Authorities Law, constituting Chapter 183 of the Pamphlet Laws of 160, as Amended and Supplemented, N.J.S.A. 40:37A-1, et seq., and was created by virtue of an ordinance of the County of Morris, New Jersey (the "County"), adopted April 10, 2002.

#### B. Component Unit

These financial statements present the Morris County Improvement Authority (a Component Unit of the County of Morris). GASB has issued Statements No. 39 and 61, which amend GASB 41 and requires the financial reporting entity to include both the primary government and those component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Authority is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Authority is financially accountable to the County of Morris (the "County") since the County appoints a voting majority of the Authority's commissioners, and (1) the County is able to significantly influence the programs and services performed or provided by the Authority; or (2) the County is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the Authority's resources; the County is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the Authority; or the County is obligated for the debt of the Authority. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the County in that the County approves the budget, the issuance of debt, of the levying of taxes. Based on the forgoing criteria, the Authority is a component unit of the County.

The Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey has not mandated that municipalities in the State of New Jersey implement GASB 34 therefore, the County's financial statements are not presented.

#### C. Accounting Principles

On August 26, 1983, the State of New Jersey enacted P.L. 1983, Chapter 313 providing for a State review of the financial operations of local authorities. The responsibility for this review was given to the Local Finance Board and the Division of Local Government Services of the Department of Community Affairs (DCA).

The DCA has recognized the National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA) Statement 1, "Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Principles", and subsequent NCGA statements and interpretations as authoritative on application of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for local authorities. In July of 1984, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) became the successor organization to the NCGA as the promulgator of standards of financial accounting and reporting with respect to activities and transactions of State and local governmental entities.

#### 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>, (continued)

#### C. Accounting Principles, (continued)

GASB Statement No. 20 recognizes that the accounting and financial reporting activities of authorities are considered to be proprietary activities. In accordance with Statement No. 20, the Authority has applied all GASB pronouncements.

#### D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual budget is required to be adopted and integrated into the accounting system to provide budgetary control over revenues and expenditures. Budget amounts presented in the accompanying financial statements represent amounts adopted by the Authority and approved by the State Division of Local Government Services per N.J.S.A. 40A:4 et seq.

#### E. Basis of Presentation

On January 1, 2012, the Authority adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, which amends the net position reporting requirement of Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, and other pronouncements by incorporating deferred outflows from resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net position. The classifications of net position are defined as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are any significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Rather that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.
- Restricted This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position used through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt convents), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Unrestricted* This component of net position consists of net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, (continued)

#### F. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Authority have been prepared on the accrual basis and in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred.

#### G. Property, Plant, and Equipment

At December 31, 2023, the Authority did not own any property, plant, or equipment.

#### H. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2022, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections — An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The Authority is determining what effects, if any, this pronouncement will have on future financial statements.

In June 2022, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued <u>GASB Statement No. 101</u>, <u>Compensated Absences</u>. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The Authority is determining what effects, if any, this pronouncement will have on future financial statements.

In December 2023, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued <u>GASB Statement No. 102</u>, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024, and all reporting periods thereafter. The Commission is determining what effects, if any, this pronouncement will have on future financial statements.

#### 1. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>, (continued)

#### H. Recent Accounting Pronouncements, (continued)

In April 2024, the Government Accounting Standards Board issued <u>GASB Statement No. 103</u>, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*. The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability. This Statement also addresses certain application issues. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and all reporting periods thereafter, though, earlier application is encouraged. The Authority is currently reviewing the provisions of this Statement and plans to implement, as needed, before the effective date.

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#### MORRIS COUNTY IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the County of Morris)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 2. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The Authority has issued debt on behalf of third-party entities. The Authority has no obligation for the debt beyond the resources provided by the related leases or loans, and, accordingly, the debt is not reflected as a liability in the accompanying financial statements.

The aggregate principal amounts outstanding on this debt at December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Bonds:		<u>2022</u>	<b>Payments</b>	<u>2023</u>
Newton	Series 2009 (Note 2A)	\$ 85,000	\$ 85,000	\$
Refunding Bonds	Series 2010 (Note 2B)	1,215,000	1,215,000	
Denville Refunding 2013	Series 2013 (Note 2C)	1,175,000	1,175,000	
County Refunding Bonds	Series 2015 (Note 2D)	710,000	360,000	350,000
County General Improvement Bonds	Series 2015 (Note 2E)	7,840,000	5,000,000	2,840,000
Sussex Renewable Energy 2015	Series 2015 (Note 2F)	2,750,000	735,000	2,015,000
Refunding (Lincoln Park)	Series 2016 (Note 2G)	12,365,000	1,160,000	11,205,000
Drew University Project	Series 2017 (Note 2H)	83,515,000	1,430,000	82,085,000
Renewable Energy Refunding Bonds	Series 2019 (Note 2I)	4,040,000	1,350,000	2,690,000
Rockaway Borough Board of Education	Series 2020 (Note 2J)	10,040,000	375,000	9,665,000
Morris Hills Regional District Project	Series 2020 (Note 2K)	16,335,000	2,260,000	14,075,000
Sussex Renewable Energy Refunding Bonds	Series 2021 (Note 2L)	8,440,000	1,845,000	6,595,000
Pooled Program Bonds	Series 2021 (Note 2M)	8,015,000	435,000	7,580,000
Pooled Program Refunding Bonds	Series 2021 (Note 2N)	23,205,000	2,065,000	21,140,000
Whippany Fire District Loan Revenue Bonds	Series 2021 (Note 20)	5,100,000	155,000	4,945,000
Renewable Energy Refunding Bonds	Series 2021 (Note 2P)	11,430,000	2,465,000	8,965,000
Total Bonds		\$ 196,260,000	\$ 22,110,000	\$ 174,150,000

#### A. Loan Program Bonds, Town of Newton, Series 2009 (County Guaranteed)

On September 16, 2009 the MCIA issued bonds in the amount of \$4,285,000 with a final maturity date of October 1, 2023, at an interest rate ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%. The proceeds will be issued in (i) refinancing bond anticipation notes originally issued for various purposes including the acquisition of equipment, renovation of buildings and infrastructure and the initial planning expenses for redevelopment planning; and (ii) payment of certain costs of issuance in connection with the issuance of the Newton Local Unit Bond.

#### B. Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 (County Guaranteed)

On August 11, 2010 the MCIA issued Refunding bonds on behalf of Washington Township Board of Education in the amount of \$12,260,000 with a final maturity date of August 15, 2023, at an interest rate ranging from 2.00% to 4.00%. These bonds were issued to provide for the refunding of 2014-2023 maturities of the outstanding 2003 Bonds of the School District (the Local Unit "Refunding Bond Ordinance,") and resulted in a net present value savings of \$472,332.

#### 2. <u>CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS</u>, (continued)

#### C. Pooled Program Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 (County Guaranteed)

On April 18, 2013 the Morris County Improvement Authority issued \$8,160,000 of County of Morris Guaranteed Authority Refunding Pooled Bonds with a final maturity date of September 1, 2023, at an interest rate ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%. The County adopted a guaranty ordinance on February 27, 2013, whereby the payment of principal and interest on the entire bond issuance is secured by a full unconditional irrevocable guarantee by the County. These bonds were issued to refund \$8,590,000 of the 2005 County of Morris Guaranteed Pooled Program Bonds.

#### D. County Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 (County Guaranteed)

On December 30, 2015, the Morris County Improvement Authority issued bonds in the amount of \$25,090,000 with a final maturity date of May 1, 2024, at an interest rate ranging from 2.000% to 5.000%. The County adopted a guaranty ordinance on November 10, 2015, whereby the payment of principal and interest on the entire bond issuance is secured by a full unconditional irrevocable guarantee by the County. The bonds are being issued to provide funds to make a loan to the County of Morris to (i) finance various capital, county college and park improvements throughout the County, (ii) refund the Refunded Bonds and (iii) pay costs associated with the authorization, sale and issuance of the Series 2015 Bonds and the County Bonds.

#### E. County General Improvement Bonds, Series 2015 (County Guaranteed)

On December 30, 2015, the Morris County Improvement Authority issued bonds in the amount of \$36,000,000 with a final maturity date of May 1, 2024, at an interest rate ranging from 2.000% to 5.000%. The County adopted a guaranty ordinance on November 10, 2015, whereby the payment of principal and interest on the entire bond issuance is secured by a full unconditional irrevocable guarantee by the County. The bonds are being issued to provide funds to make a loan to the County of Morris to (i) finance various capital, county college and park improvements throughout the County, (ii) refund the Refunded Bonds and (iii) pay costs associated with the authorization, sale and issuance of the Series 2015 Bonds and the County Bonds.

#### F. Sussex Renewable Energy Program, Series 2015

On May 12, 2015, the Morris County Improvement Authority issued bonds in the amount of \$6,750,000 with a final maturity date of March 15, 2025, at an interest rate of 1.000%. The bonds are being issued in order to finance the (i) Settlement Project, (ii) costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the Series 2015 Bonds, and (iii) such other amounts as shall be set forth in the hereinafter defined Series 2015 Supplemental Resolution.

#### MORRIS COUNTY IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

(A Component Unit of the County of Morris)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 2. <u>CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS</u>, (continued)

#### G. Loan Program Bonds, Lincoln Park Refunded, Series 2016 (County Guaranteed)

On August 18, 2016, the Morris County Improvement Authority issued refunding bonds in the amount of \$15,535,000 with a final maturity date of March 15, 2030, at an interest rate of 4.000%. The County adopted a guaranty ordinance on April 27, 2016, whereby the payment of principal and interest on the entire bond issuance is secured by a full unconditional irrevocable guarantee by the County. These bonds were issued to (i) advance refund a \$16,575,000 callable portion of the Authority's aggregate principal amount of 2009 County of Morris Guaranteed Pooled Program Bonds and (ii) pay any costs associated with the issuance of the Lincoln Park Refunded Series 2016 Bonds.

#### H. Drew University Project, Series 2017

On December 19, 2017, the Morris County Improvement Authority issued bonds in the amount of \$83,515,000 with a final maturity date of October 1, 2047, at an interest rate of 6.250%. The bonds and notes are being issued to (i) refinance existing debt, (ii) to finance certain capital improvements to campus facilities located in the municipality of Madison, (iii) to fund capitalized interest if necessary, (iv) to fund a debt service reserve fund if necessary, and (v) to pay costs of issuance on the bond.

#### I. Renewable Energy Refunding Bonds, Series 2019 (County Guaranteed)

On December 4, 2019, the Morris County Improvement Authority issued refunding bonds in the amount of \$8,220,000 with a final maturity date of August 15, 2025, at an interest rate of 5.000%. The County adopted a guaranty ordinance on September 25, 2019, whereby the payment of principal and interest on the entire bond issuance is secured by a full unconditional irrevocable guarantee by the County. These bonds were issued to (i) advance refund a \$8,640,000 callable portion of the Authority's aggregate principal amount of 2009A County of Morris Guaranteed Renewable Energy Program Lease Revenue Bonds and (ii) pay any costs associated with the issuance of the Renewable Energy Refunding Series 2019 Bonds.

#### J. Rockaway Borough Board of Education Project, Series 2020 (County Guaranteed)

On March 11, 2020, the Morris County Improvement Authority issued \$10,935,000, at an interest rate ranging from 3.000% to 5.000% of 2020 County of Morris Guaranteed Governmental Loan Revenue Bond, Series 2020 (Rockaway Borough Board Of Education Project). The County adopted a guaranty ordinance on January 22, 2020, whereby the payment of principal and interest on the entire bond issuance is secured by a full unconditional irrevocable guarantee by the County.

#### K. School District Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2020 (County Guaranteed)

On July 16, 2020, the Morris County Improvement Authority issued refunding bonds in the amount of \$17,145,000 with a final maturity date of October 1, 2029, at an interest rate ranging from 0.446% to 1.662%. The County adopted a guaranty ordinance on May 13, 2020, whereby the payment of principal and interest on the entire bond issuance is secured by a full unconditional irrevocable guarantee by the County. These bonds were issued to refund the refunded bonds.

**DECEMBER 31, 2023** 

#### 2. **CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS**, (continued)

#### L. Sussex Renewable Energy Refunding Bonds, Series 2021

On February 11, 2021, the Morris County Improvement Authority issued refunding bonds in the amount of \$10,500,000 with a final maturity date of June 15, 2027, at an interest rate ranging from 0.323% to 1.246%. These bonds were issued to refund \$11,070,000 of the Sussex Renewable Energy Bonds, Series 2011A&B.

#### M. Pooled Program Bonds, Series 2021A (County Guaranteed)

On February 16, 2021, the MCIA issued bonds in the amount of \$8,930,000 with a final maturity date of August 1, 2040, at an interest rate ranging from 3.00% to 5.00%. The bonds were issued to (i) currently refund and permanently finance \$9,837,739 of the Borough of Rockaway's outstanding notes, consisting of a \$5,720,199 Bond Anticipation Note and a \$4,117,540 Water Utility Bond Anticipation Note; (ii) finance new money for Rockaway in the amount of \$782,423 to fund various capital improvements; and (iii) pay costs associated with the authorization, sale and issuance of the Series 2021A Rockaway Borough Local Unit Bonds.

#### N. Pooled Program Refunding Bonds, Series 2021B (County Guaranteed)

On February 16, 2021, the MCIA issued refunding bonds in the amount of \$23,915,000 with a final maturity date of February 1, 2037, at an interest rate ranging from 0.293% to 2.544%. The bonds were issued to advance refund (i) all or a portion of the \$7,130,000 outstanding Pooled Program Bonds, Series 2011; (ii) all or a portion of the \$12,620,000 outstanding Pooled Program Bonds, Series 2012A; and (iii) all or a portion of the \$3,215,000 outstanding Pooled Program Bonds, Series 2012B.

#### O. Whippany Fire District Loan Revenue Bonds, Series 2021 (County Guaranteed)

On May 26, 2021, the MCIA issued bonds in the amount of \$5,200,000 with a final maturity date of March 1, 2044, at an interest rate ranging from 3.00% to 4.00%. The bonds were issued to (i) currently refund the 2020 Whippany Fire District Notes and (ii) pay costs associated with the authorization, sale and issuance of the bonds.

#### P. Renewable Energy Refunding Bonds, Series 2021 (County Guaranteed):

On July 28, 2021, the MCIA issued refunding bonds in the amount of \$13,995,000 with a final maturity date of June 15, 2027, at an interest rate ranging from 0.241% to 1.298%. These bonds were issued to (i) refund \$13,710,000 the Renewable Energy Bonds, Series 2011A; (ii) pay certain fees and costs incurred by or for SunLight General Morris Solar, LLC and (iii) pay the various costs of issuance.

#### 2. <u>CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS</u>, (continued)

#### Schedule of Annual Debt Service of Principal and Interest for Local Units

<b>Bonds and Notes:</b>					
<u>Year</u>	Principal Amo	<u>unt</u>	Interest Amount		<u>Total</u>
2024	\$ 17,685	5,000 \$	7,269,34	48 \$	24,954,348
2025	14,970	0,000	6,852,76	54	21,822,764
2026	12,605	5,000	6,492,86	56	19,097,866
2027	12,725	5,000	6,178,08	86	18,903,086
2028	8,710	),000	5,861,62	24	14,571,624
2029-2033	31,965	5,000	24,920,53	33	56,885,533
2034-2038	26,35	5,000	18,613,26	67	44,968,267
2039-2043	25,440	0,000	11,863,61	12	37,303,612
2044-2047	23,695	5,000	3,770,73	38	27,465,738
-	\$ 174,150	),000 \$	91,822,83	38 \$	265,972,838
		<u> </u>			
Long Term	\$ 156,465	5,000			
Short Term Portion	17,68:	5,000			
Total	\$ 174,150	0,000			

#### V. County Guaranteed Leasing Program, Series 2004 (County Guaranteed)

On August 4, 2004, the MCIA established a County Guaranteed Leasing Program with the Bank of America Leasing and Capital, LLC, up to a maximum amount of \$10,000,000. On June 12, 2006 this amount was increased to \$20,000,000. On June 11, 2007 it was increased an additional \$10,000,000 to \$30,000,000. The Leasing Program provides low cost, timely and turnkey lease financing to local units desiring to lease finance their equipment needs. The MCIA (Lessee) through a master lease purchase agreement which in 2005 was changed to Commerce Commercial Leasing, LLC (Now TD Equipment Finance) (Lessor), requests lessor to finance the acquisition of equipment on behalf of the local units.

Concurrently with or subsequent to the execution and delivery of this Lease, Lessee shall enter into a "Sublease Purchase Agreement", with a political subdivision of the State or a state or local governmental unit within the meaning of 1.103-1(a) of the Treasury Regulations promulgated under the Internal Code of 1986, as amended ("Sublessee"), pursuant to which Lessee will sublease the Equipment to Sublessee. In consideration of Lessor and Lessee entering into this Lease, Lessee intends to issue to Lessor a performance bond in a principal amount up to the Maximum Program Amount, which Bond will be issued directly to Lessor and will be payable to Lessor only upon a deficiency in Rental Payments due and owing under the Sublease, in which case the County of Morris will have fully, unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed the payment of the principal of the Bond up to the Maximum Program Amount, plus interest thereon.

#### MORRIS COUNTY IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY

## (A Component Unit of the County of Morris) NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### 2. **CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS**, (continued)

During the twelve month period ending December 31, 2023, one local units had closed on transaction, they are as follows:

Montville Township, Board of Education	339,526.75
	\$ 339,526.75

Over the life of the County Guaranteed Leasing Program, \$59,450,398 of lease financing has been loaned. Payments totaling \$57,974,545 have been made and \$28,524,147 of the \$30,000,000 authorized is available for the program, as of December 31, 2023.

#### 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

#### Cash

#### **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority's policy is based on New Jersey Statutes requiring cash be deposited only in New Jersey based banking institutions that participate in New Jersey Governmental Depository Protection Act (GUDPA) or in qualified investments established in New Jersey Statutes that are treated as cash equivalents. As of December 31, 2023, \$-0- of the Authority's bank balance of \$908,748 is exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### **Investments**

#### **Investment Rate Risk**

The Authority has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. A formal investment policy was adopted on April 20, 2016. As of December 31, 2023, the Authority had \$2,500,000 invested in CD's.

#### Credit Risk

New Jersey Statutes limit municipal investments to those specified in the Statutes.

The type of allowed investments are Bonds of the United States of America, bonds or other obligations of the towns or bonds or other obligations of the local unit or units within which the Authority is located: obligations of federal agencies not exceeding 397 days; government money market mutual funds; the State of New Jersey Cash Management Plan; local government investment pools; or repurchase of fully collateralized securities.

**DECEMBER 31, 2023** 

#### 3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS, (continued)

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The Authority places no limit on the amount the Authority may invest in any one issuer.

#### 4. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Authority has evaluated subsequent events through July 3, 2024, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued and no other items, except as noted above, were noted for disclosure.

#### 5. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Authority's attorney has informed management that there are no material commitments or contingencies as of the date of this report.

**Required Supplementary Information** 

#### Schedule 1

# MORRIS COUNTY IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the County of Morris) SCHEDULE OF OPERATING REVENUES AND COSTS OPERATING REVENUES COMPARED TO BUDGET FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUND**

REVENUES		FY 2023 Adopted <u>Budget</u>		2023 <u>Actual</u>		Excess/ <u>Deficit</u>
Administrative Fees	\$	81,181	\$	127,858	\$	46,677
Participant Contributions for Debt Service		29,997,211		29,997,211		,
Other Revenues		400		979,476		979,076
Net Position Anticipated	φ.	102,469	·	102,469		
	\$ .	30,181,261	\$ =	31,207,014	\$ =	1,025,753
APPROPRIATIONS						
Administration:						
Administration Expenses	\$	184,050	\$	44,277	\$	139,773
Non-Operating Appropriations Principal Payments on Conduit Debt Service		22,110,000		22,110,000		
Interest on Conduit Debt		7,887,211		7,887,211		
	\$	30,181,261	\$ _	30,041,488	\$ _	139,773
Excess or (Deficit) in Actual Revenues	-				=	
and Expenses			\$	1,165,526		
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis To						
Change in Net Position:						
Net Position Anticipated:				(102,469)		
Non-Operating Expenses:						
Payments for Conduit Debt			_	(203,263)		
Change in Net Position			\$ _	859,794		

#### Schedule 2

# MORRIS COUNTY IMPROVEMENT AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the County of Morris) SCHEDULE OF CASH RECEIPTS, CASH DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Balance, December 31, 2022	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,548,766
Increased by Receipts:	
Administrative Fees	\$ 127,858
Proceeds from Other Sources	110,529
Receipts for Payments of Debt Service	 835,235
Total Receipts:	\$ 1,073,622
	\$ 3,622,388
Decreased by Disbursements:	
Operating Expenses	\$ 43,704
Payments for Debt Service Expenses	 169,936
Total Disbursements:	\$ 213,640
Balance, December 31, 2023	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,408,748



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Chairperson and Commissioners Morris County Improvement Authority County of Morris Administration and Records Building Morristown, New Jersey 07963-0900

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey; and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Morris County Improvement Authority, (the "Authority"), a Component Unit of the County of Morris, in the County of Morris, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 3, 2024.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements—are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal controls and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wielkotz & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants

Pompton Lakes, New Jersey

July 3, 2024



**General Comments and Recommendations** 

#### **GENERAL COMMENTS**

Contracts and agreements Required to be Advertised for N.J.S.A. 40A:11-4

N.J.S. 40A:11-3 states:

- a. "When the cost or price of any contract awarded by the contracting agent in the aggregate does not exceed in a contract year the total sum of \$17,500, the contract may be awarded by a purchasing agent when so authorized by ordinance or resolution, as appropriate to the contracting unit, of the governing body of the contracting unit without public advertising for bids, except that the governing body of any contracting unit may adopt an ordinance or resolution to set a lower threshold for the receipt of public bids or the solicitation of competitive quotations. If the purchasing agent is qualified pursuant to subsection b. of section 9 of P.L. 1971, c.198 (C.40A:11-9), the governing body of the contracting unit may establish that the bid threshold may be up to \$25,000. Such authorization may be granted for each contract or by a general delegation of the power to negotiate and award such contracts pursuant to this section.
- b. Any contracts made pursuant to this section may be awarded for a period of 24 consecutive months, except that contracts for professional services pursuant to subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 5 of P.L. 1971, c.198 (C.40A:11-5) may be awarded for a period not exceeding 12 consecutive months. The Division of Local Government Services shall adopt and promulgate rules and regulations concerning the methods of accounting for all contracts that do not coincide with the contracting unit's fiscal year.
- c. The Governor, in consultation with the Department of the Treasury, shall, no later than March 1 of every fifth year beginning in the fifth year after the year in which P.L. 1999, c.440 takes effect, adjust the threshold amount and the higher threshold amount which the governing body is permitted to establish, as set forth in subsection a. of this section, or the threshold amount resulting from any adjustment under this subsection, in direct proportion to the rise or fall of the index rate as that term is defined in section 2 of P.L. 1971, c.198 (C.40A:11-2), and shall round the adjustment to the nearest \$1,000. The Governor shall, no later than June 1 of every fifth year, notify each governing body of the adjustment. That adjustment shall become effective on July 1 of the year in which it is made."

N.J.S. 40A:11-4 states: "Every contract awarded by the contracting agent for the provision or performance of any goods or services, the cost of which in the aggregate exceeds the bid threshold, shall be awarded only by resolution of the governing body of the contracting unit to the lowest responsible bidder after public advertising for bids and bidding therefore, except as is provided otherwise in this act or specifically by any other law. The governing body of a contracting unit may, by resolution approved by a majority of the governing body and subject to subsection b. and c. of this section, disqualify a bidder who would otherwise be determined to be the lowest responsible bidder, if the governing body finds that it has had prior negative experience with the bidder."

Effective July 1, 2015, the bid threshold in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A:11-3 and 40A:11-4 (as amended) is \$17,500.00 and with a qualified purchasing agent the threshold may be up to \$40,000.00. On July 1, 2020 this amount was increased to \$44,000.00 with a qualified purchasing agent.

#### **GENERAL COMMENTS (CONTINUED)**

#### Contracts and Agreements Required to be Advertised for N.J.S.A. 40A:11-4 (continued)

The Commissioners of the Authority have the responsibility of determining whether the expenditures in any category will exceed the bid threshold within the fiscal year and where question arises as to whether any contract or agreement might result in violation of the statute, the Authorities' Attorney's opinion should be sought before a commitment is made.

The minutes indicated the bids were requested by public advertising per N.J.S. 40A:11-4. The minutes also indicated that resolutions were adopted authorizing the awarding of contracts or agreements for "Professional Services" per N.J.S. 40A:11-5 for Auditor, Attorney, Financial Advisor and Bond Counsel.

Inasmuch as the system of records did not provide for the accumulation of payments for categories for the performance of any work or the furnishing or hiring of any material or supplies, the results of such an accumulation could not reasonably be ascertained. Disbursements were reviewed, however, to determine whether any clear cut violation existed. None were noted.

Our review of the Authority's minutes indicated that resolutions were adopted authorizing the awarding of contracts or agreements for "Professional Services" per N.J.S.A. 40A:11-5.

Our examination of expenditures did not reveal any individual payments, contracts or agreements in excess of the statutory threshold "for the performance of any work or the furnishing or hiring of any materials or supplies," other than those where bids had been previously sought by public advertisement or where a resolution had been previously adopted under the provisions of N.J.S.A. 40A:11-6.

### COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS DECEMBER 31, 2023

<b>DECEMBER 31, 2023</b>
Comments
None
Recommendations
None
STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR'S AUDIT FINDINGS/RECOMMENDATIONS
There were no prior year audit findings/recommendations.

Respectfully submitted,

Wielkotz & Company, LLC Certified Public Accountants