Percent of Individuals and Families Below the Poverty Level, 2024

| County | Poverty Rate Individuals | Poverty Rate Families |
|------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| Atlantic | 10.7% | 7.8% |
| Bergen | 6.7% | 5.4% |
| Burlington | 5.0% | 2.6% |
| Camden | 11.6% | 8.5% |
| Cape May | 9.4% | 7.6% |
| Cumberland | 13.5% | 12.4% |
| Essex | 13.3% | 9.4% |
| Gloucester | 6.8% | 4.4% |
| Hudson | 15.1% | 11.2% |
| Hunterdon | 4.2% | 1.0% |
| Mercer | 10.0% | 6.0% |
| Middlesex | 8.4% | 6.0% |
| Monmouth | 6.7% | 5.0% |
| Morris | 4.3% | 2.9% |
| Ocean | 9.1% | 5.7% |
| Passaic | 11.8% | 9.7% |
| Salem | 14.9% | 10.1% |
| Somerset | 5.8% | 4.0% |
| Sussex | 4.7% | 2.7% |
| Union | 9.8% | 6.9% |
| Warren | 9.0% | 4.9% |
| New Jersey | 9.2% | 6.5% |

SOURCE: U.S. Census Bureau, 2024 American Community Survey
Table: DP03

NOTE: The Census Bureau uses a set of money income thresholds that vary by family size and composition to determine who is in poverty. If the total income for a family or unrelated individual falls below the relevant poverty threshold, then the family (and every individual in it) or unrelated individual is considered in poverty.

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error, which may be relatively large for smaller geographies and population sub-groups. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error.

For ACS methodology, see:

http://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/methodology.html

For Accuracy of Data, see:

 $\underline{http://census.gov/programs-surveys/acs/technical-documentation/code-lists.html}$

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